

Electrical Passive Fire Protection for Alcohol Distilleries and Breweries

Substations · Cable Galleries · Control Rooms · Safety-Critical Circuits

Section A | Electrical Zone-Wise Fire Risk Map

A1. Substations, MCC Rooms & Cable Galleries

Main substation, still-house MCC, ethanol tank farm panels, bottling hall electrical, bonded warehouse distribution, and the plant control room.

Area	Fire Scenario	Stanvac PFP Product Application	Rating / Priority
Main substation	Transformer + cable fire	Cable coatings, firestops, panel FP	Critical
Still-house MCC / field LCPs	Ethanol fire exposure	Panel FP (jet-fire rated), cable coatings, firestops	Critical
Ethanol tank farm control panels	Bund fire + radiant heat	Panel FP (jet-fire rated), firestops	Critical
Ethanol loading bay panels	Pool fire during transfer	Panel FP, firestops, cable coatings	Critical
Bottling hall MCC	Ethanol vapour + motor fire	Panel FP, cable coatings, firestops	High
Bonded warehouse electrical distribution	Ethanol-laden Class A load adjacent	Panel FP, firestops	Critical
Fermentation plant electrical	CO ₂ release + cable fire	Panel FP, cable coatings	High
Boiler / ETP electrical	Fuel + cable fire	Panel FP, cable coatings	High
DG room	Fuel + lube oil fire	Panel FP, firestops, cable coatings	Critical
CCR / DCS	Panel + cable fire	Panel FP, firestops, FR doors	Critical

A2. Safety-Critical Electrical Systems

Area	Fire Scenario	Stanvac PFP Product Application	Rating / Priority
Fire water pump house	Must survive the fire it fights	Fireproofed structure, FR cables	Non-negotiable
F&G / ESD / BDV on distillation & tank farm	Ethanol vapour detection, trip circuits	Fire-survival cable, panel FP	Non-negotiable
Boiler trip circuits	Fuel trip, drum level	Fire-survival cable	Critical

Section B | Product-to-Application Matrix

This section maps each of the four priority Stanvac product lines to the specific alcohol distilleries and breweries locations and circuits where they must be specified. Use these tables to build the bill of quantities (BOQ) for any alcohol distilleries and breweries opportunity.

B1. Cable Coatings — Fire Propagation Prevention

Minimum 240 minutes protection, thickness ≤ 1.6 mm DFT.

Purpose: prevent the spread of fire along cable trays, risers and bunches. The "Browns Ferry" scenario — one cable igniting an entire cable gallery — is the design basis.

Applicable standards: IEC 60332-3 (FM 3971 has limited use — it provides only short-duration protection against arcs and sparks)

Zone	Specific Application	Priority
Main substation cable gallery	All HT and LT trays	Critical
MCC cable trenches	Bottom-entry cable bunches	Critical
Still house cable routes	All distillation column cables	Critical
Ethanol tank farm cable routing	Trays to MOVs, level tx, detectors	Critical
Loading gantry cable runs	Earthing, interlock, MOV cables	Critical
Bottling hall cable routes	Motor and filler line	High
Bonded warehouse perimeter cable routes	Lighting and sprinkler	Critical

Zone	Specific Application	Priority
Boiler house cable routes	Fuel and process	Critical
DG room cable entries	Start, alternator, control	Critical
Molasses / grain handling cable routes	Motor and conveyor	High

B2. Cable Coatings — Fire Survivability

240-minute circuit integrity, thickness ≤ 1.6 mm DFT.

Purpose: keep the cable electrically functional while burning, so the safety circuit continues to operate through the fire event. Fire-survival coatings are specified where loss of the circuit would defeat the fire-fighting or shutdown system itself.

Applicable standards: IEC 60331-21 and IS 17505-1

Circuit Type	Where Applied	Priority
ESD loops on distillation column	Field SDVs to DCS	Non-negotiable
F&G detection (ethanol vapour)	Detector to F&G panel	Non-negotiable
Fire water pump power (electric + diesel)	Switchgear to motor	Non-negotiable
Deluge / foam system controls	Solenoid and MOV actuation	Non-negotiable
Emergency DG start & transfer	Battery to engine panel	Critical
Emergency lighting + PA / GA	Plant-wide egress	Critical
Ethanol tank farm BDV controls	Emergency blowdown	Non-negotiable
Bonded warehouse alarm circuits	AV alarm + detector	Critical
Boiler trip circuits	Fuel trip, drum level	Critical
UPS feeders to DCS	UPS to marshalling	Critical

B3. Electrical Panel Fireproofing

Purpose: protect field control panels, junction boxes, MCC panels and logic cabinets from external fire and internal electrical fire. Stanvac offers three complementary solutions under this product line.

Option	Stanvac Solution	Description & Typical Use
A	Two-hour rated firestop sealant	For sealing cable gland openings, panel cut-outs, conduit entries and small penetrations at the panel boundary. Silicone / acrylic intumescent sealant certified to UL 1479 / IS 12458 at 2-hour rating.
B	Non-combustible intumescent paint	For external coating of panel enclosures, cable glands and junction boxes exposed to radiant heat or hydrocarbon fire. Non-combustible base with intumescent top-coat.
C	Two-hour rated intumescent translucent coating for small-dia. cables (aerosol spray)	Aerosol-delivered translucent intumescent coating for small-diameter instrumentation, control and signal cables entering panels. Clean application in congested panel interiors; 2-hour rated.

B4. Two-Hour Rated Firestop Barriers

Hybrid combination of mineral wool and firestop mortar.

Purpose: seal every penetration through a fire-rated wall, floor or cable tunnel so compartmentation is maintained. Stanvac's hybrid system combines high-density mineral wool (for bulk void filling and thermal insulation) with firestop mortar (for load-bearing, smoke-tight surface seal). This dual-material approach delivers superior 2-hour rating performance across a wider range of penetration sizes than single-material systems.

Applicable standards: UL 1479 · ASTM E814 · IS 12458

Location	Specific Application	Priority
Still house to adjacent block boundary	Cable and pipe penetrations	Critical
Ethanol tank farm bund area penetrations	Cable and instrumentation	Critical
Bonded warehouse perimeter	Every wall, floor, duct penetration	Critical
Bottling hall to warehouse boundary	Cable and conveyor penetrations	Critical
Main substation cable trench to building	Sand-seal + firestop pillows + mortar	Critical
MCC room cable entries	Trench and wall penetrations	Critical
Cable tunnel transverse barriers	Every 30–50 m	Critical
Boiler room boundary	Fuel and cable penetrations	Critical
DG room boundary	Fuel and cable penetrations	Critical
Fire water pump house entries	Power and control cable penetrations	Non-negotiable

Location	Specific Application	Priority
HVAC duct penetrations in CCR / admin	Fire dampers + collar seals	High

Detailed product data sheets, certifications, specimen specifications and project BOQ support are available on request.

For more information, please connect with us.

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