

Electrical Passive Fire Protection for Solar Power Plants (PV + BESS)

Substations · Cable Galleries · Control Rooms · Safety-Critical Circuits

Section A | Electrical Zone-Wise Fire Risk Map

A1. Substations, MCC Rooms & Cable Galleries

Central inverter stations, pooling (collection) substation, grid-connect substation, BESS container enclosure, and the SCADA / control room.

Area	Fire Scenario	Stanvac PFP Product Application	Rating / Priority
Central inverter station (1–5 MW)	Inverter internal fire, cable fire	Structural intumescent on supports, cable coatings, panel FP	Critical
String inverter enclosures	Internal electronics fire	Panel FP, firestops	High
Inverter transformer (indoor / outdoor)	Transformer oil fire	Fire walls with firestopped penetrations, cable wraps	Critical
MV switchgear (at inverter station)	Cable + arc flash fire	Panel FP, cable coatings, firestops	Critical
String combiner boxes (SCB / DCDB)	DC arc fault, connector fire	Panel FP, firestops at cable entries	Critical
33 kV collection / pooling substation	Transformer + cable fire	Cable coatings, firestops, panel FP	Critical
Grid substation / step-up transformer	Transformer oil fire	Fire walls with firestopped penetrations, cable wraps	Critical
BESS Li-ion battery container	Thermal runaway, electrolyte fire	Firestops, FR doors, panel FP, thermal runaway containment	Critical

Area	Fire Scenario	Stanvac PFP Product Application	Rating / Priority
BESS PCS + BMS cabinets	Cable + electronics fire	Panel FP, cable coatings	Critical
SCADA / control room	Panel + cable fire	Panel FP, firestops, FR doors	Critical

A2. Safety-Critical Electrical Systems

Area	Fire Scenario	Stanvac PFP Product Application	Rating / Priority
Fire water pump house	Must survive the fire it fights	Fireproofed structure, FR cables	Non-negotiable
BESS thermal runaway detection + gas suppression	BMS to central panel + agent release	Fire-survival cable, panel FP	Non-negotiable
Grid protection & tripping	Relay to circuit breaker	Fire-survival cable	Non-negotiable
Pooling transformer protection	Differential, buchholz, PRV	Fire-survival cable	Critical

Section B | Product-to-Application Matrix

This section maps each of the four priority Stanvac product lines to the specific solar power plants (pv + bess) locations and circuits where they must be specified. Use these tables to build the bill of quantities (BOQ) for any solar power plants (pv + bess) opportunity.

B1. Cable Coatings — Fire Propagation Prevention

Minimum 240 minutes protection, thickness ≤ 1.6 mm DFT.

Purpose: prevent the spread of fire along cable trays, risers and bunches. The "Browns Ferry" scenario — one cable igniting an entire cable gallery — is the design basis.

Applicable standards: IEC 60332-3 (FM 3971 has limited use — it provides only short-duration protection against arcs and sparks)

Zone	Specific Application	Priority
DC cable routing (field to inverter)	All DC cables (DC-rated coating)	Critical
MV cable routing (inverter to pooling SS)	All AC collection cables	Critical
Pooling substation cable galleries	All HT trays	Critical

Zone	Specific Application	Priority
Grid SS cable galleries	Incoming and outgoing	Critical
BESS container DC cable routes	Battery module to PCS	Critical
BESS AC cable routes	PCS to transformer	Critical
SCADA / control room cable routes	Marshalling and protection	Critical
Inverter station cable routes	Internal power and control	Critical
Tracker motor cable routes	Drive and control	High
DG room cable entries	Start, alternator, control	High

B2. Cable Coatings — Fire Survivability

240-minute circuit integrity, thickness ≤ 1.6 mm DFT.

Purpose: keep the cable electrically functional while burning, so the safety circuit continues to operate through the fire event. Fire-survival coatings are specified where loss of the circuit would defeat the fire-fighting or shutdown system itself.

Applicable standards: IEC 60331-21 and IS 17505-1

Circuit Type	Where Applied	Priority
BESS thermal runaway detection + isolation	BMS to central panel to discharge	Non-negotiable
BESS gas suppression / abort	Agent release actuation	Non-negotiable
DC isolation / rapid shutdown	Module to SCB to inverter	Critical
Fire water pump power (electric + diesel)	Switchgear to motor	Non-negotiable
Grid protection & tripping	Relay to circuit breaker	Non-negotiable
Pooling transformer protection	Differential, buchholz, PRV	Critical
SCADA communication to central control	Control centre continuity	Critical
Emergency DG start & transfer	Battery to engine panel	Critical
F&G detection (H ₂ in SS battery, electrolyte in BESS)	Detector to panel	Non-negotiable

Circuit Type	Where Applied	Priority
Emergency lighting + PA	BESS container, inverter stations, CCR	Critical

B3. Electrical Panel Fireproofing

Purpose: protect field control panels, junction boxes, MCC panels and logic cabinets from external fire and internal electrical fire. Stanvac offers three complementary solutions under this product line.

Option	Stanvac Solution	Description & Typical Use
A	Two-hour rated firestop sealant	For sealing cable gland openings, panel cut-outs, conduit entries and small penetrations at the panel boundary. Silicone / acrylic intumescent sealant certified to UL 1479 / IS 12458 at 2-hour rating.
B	Non-combustible intumescent paint	For external coating of panel enclosures, cable glands and junction boxes exposed to radiant heat or hydrocarbon fire. Non-combustible base with intumescent top-coat.
C	Two-hour rated intumescent translucent coating for small-dia. cables (aerosol spray)	Aerosol-delivered translucent intumescent coating for small-diameter instrumentation, control and signal cables entering panels. Clean application in congested panel interiors; 2-hour rated.

B4. Two-Hour Rated Firestop Barriers

Hybrid combination of mineral wool and firestop mortar.

Purpose: seal every penetration through a fire-rated wall, floor or cable tunnel so compartmentation is maintained. Stanvac's hybrid system combines high-density mineral wool (for bulk void filling and thermal insulation) with firestop mortar (for load-bearing, smoke-tight surface seal). This dual-material approach delivers superior 2-hour rating performance across a wider range of penetration sizes than single-material systems.

Applicable standards: UL 1479 · ASTM E814 · IS 12458

Location	Specific Application	Priority
BESS container boundary	Cable and HVAC penetrations, thermal runaway containment	Critical
BESS module separator walls	Propagation containment between modules	Critical
Central inverter station boundary	Cable and pipe penetrations	Critical
Pooling SS cable trench to building	Sand-seal + firestop pillows + mortar	Critical
Transformer bay fire wall penetrations	HT/LT + control cable openings	Critical

Location	Specific Application	Priority
Control room external wall cable entries	Marshalling cable bundles	Critical
Cable tunnel transverse barriers	Every 30–50 m	Critical
String combiner box (SCB) enclosure	DC cable entry seals	Critical
BESS gas suppression room boundary	Cable penetrations	Critical
Battery / UPS room boundary	Cable and ventilation duct penetrations	Critical
Fire water pump house entries	Power and control cable penetrations	Non-negotiable
Inverter transformer bund boundary	Cable and oil pipe penetrations	Critical

Detailed product data sheets, certifications, specimen specifications and project BOQ support are available on request.

For more information, please connect with us.

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